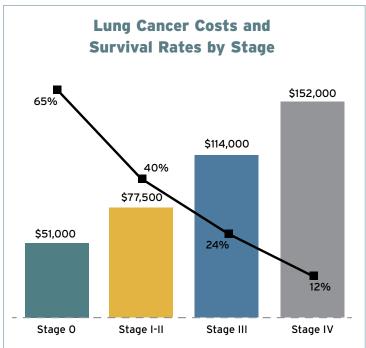


Lung Cancer Statistics

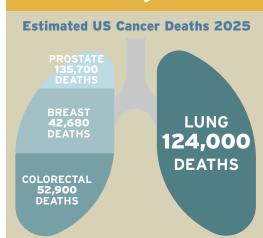
- 1 in 17 women and 1 in 15 men in the US will develop lung cancer in their lifetime.
- In 2025, an estimated 234,580
 new cases of lung cancer will be
 diagnosed in the US.
- This year, an estimated 125,070
 people will die from lung cancer. It
 is the leading cause of cancer death
 for both men and women.
- Average age at diagnosis: 70
- 20,000 25,000 people in the US get lung cancer each year, despite never smoking.
- Those who quit smoking remain at risk

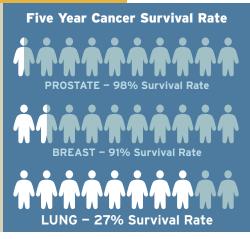


The costs on the graph reflect what is typically paid for comprehensive treatment in the **first year** and include surgery, chemotherapy, radiation, hormone therapy, targeted drugs, and related care. These figures represent commercial insurance-allowed costs and patient out-of-pocket costs.



Lung Cancer Facts





Not Just for Smokers!

12% - Survival Rate

34% - Currently Smoke

54% - Former Smoker

20,000 to 25,000

people in the US get lung cancer each year, despite never smoking.

Those who have quit smoking remain at risk.

Modifiable Risk Factors include:

- Smoking (Cigarettes, Cigars, Pipes, Marijuana)
 The leading cause of lung cancer; accounts for 80-90% of cases. Smokers are 15-30 times more likely to develop lung cancer than non-smokers.
- Secondhand Smoke Increases risk by 20-30% for non-smokers. Firefighters often suffer from lung cancer due to their profession.
- · COPD or Pulmonary Fibrosis can increase risk.
- Radon Exposure Second-leading cause of lung cancer; common in homes with poor ventilation.

- Occupational Hazards Exposure to asbestos, arsenic, chromium, nickel, and petroleum products.
- Air Pollution & Particle Pollution Long-term exposure to polluted air increases risk.

Non-Modifiable Risk Factors include:

- Age risk increases significantly after age 65
- Family history
- Prior chest radiation
- Race/Ethnicity.

American Cancer Society Recommended Lung Cancer Screenings:

- Age 50-80 years old
- Currently smoke or formerly smoked, especially if you have a 20 pack or more/year smoking history
- Firefighters or those around large amounts of smoke on a regular basis
- Test: A low dose CT is recommended annually if you are between the ages of 50-80 and have a 20 pack/year smoking history or currently smoke. In 2023, the ACS removed the 15-year quit limit and now recommend an annual screening.
- Smoking cessation counseling recommended

